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<u>L12</u>	writ\$3 near4 protect\$3	2391	<u>L12</u>
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<u>L9</u>	L8 and 15	143	<u>L9</u>
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<u>L2</u>	11 with (disk\$4 or disc or CD)	820	<u>L2</u>
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The integration of virtual memory management and interprocess communication in Accent

88%

Robert Fitzgerald, Richard F. Rashid

ACM Transactions on Computer Systems (TOCS) May 1986

Volume 4 Issue 2

The integration of virtual memory management and interprocess communication in the Accent network operating system kernel is examined. The design and implementation of the Accent memory management system is discussed and its performance, both on a series of message-oriented benchmarks and in normal operation, is analyzed in detail.

2 Fast cluster failover using virtual memory-mapped communication

84%

Yuanyuan Zhou, Peter M. Chen, Kai Li

Proceedings of the 13th international conference on Supercomputing May 1999

3 BeSS object storage manager: architecture overview

84%

Alexandros Biliris, Euthimios Panagos

ACM SIGMOD Record September 1996

Volume 25 Issue 3

BeSS is a high performance, memory-mapped object storage manager offering distributed transaction management facilities and extensible support for persistence. In this paper, we present an overview of the peer-to-peer architecture of BeSS, and we discuss issues related to space management, inter-object references, database corruption, operation modes, cache replacement, and transaction management.

Making operating systems more robust: Improving the reliability of commodity operating

82%





Michael M. Swift, Brian N. Bershad, Henry M. Levy

Proceedings of the nineteenth ACM symposium on Operating systems principles October 2003

Despite decades of research in extensible operating system technology, extensions such as device drivers remain a significant cause of system failures. In Windows XP, for example, drivers account for 85% of recently reported failures. This paper describes Nooks, a reliability subsystem that seeks to greatly enhance OS reliability by isolating the OS from driver failures. The Nooks approach is practical: rather than guaranteeing complete fault tolerance through a new (and incompatible) OS ...

An integrated compile-time/run-time software distributed shared memory system

82%

Sandhya Dwarkadas, Alan L. Cox, Willy Zwaenepoel

Proceedings of the seventh international conference on Architectural support for programming languages and operating systems September 1996

Volume 31, 30 Issue 9, 5

On a distributed memory machine, hand-coded message passing leads to the most efficient execution, but it is difficult to use. Parallelizing compilers can approach the performance of hand-coded message passing by translating data-parallel programs into message passing programs, but efficient execution is limited to those programs for which precise analysis can be carried out. Shared memory is easier to program than message passing and its domain is not constrained by the limitations of paralleli ...

Techniques for reducing consistency-related communication in distributed shared-memory 4 systems

82%

John B. Carter, John K. Bennett, Willy Zwaenepoel

ACM Transactions on Computer Systems (TOCS) August 1995

Volume 13 Issue 3

Distributed shared memory (DSM) is an abstraction of shared memory on a distributed-memory machine. Hardware DSM systems support this abstraction at the architecture level; software DSM systems support the abstraction within the runtime system. One of the key problems in building an efficient software DSM system is to reduce the amount of communication needed to keep the distributed memories consistent. In this article we present four techniques for doing so: software release consistency; m ...

7 Design and evaluation of a conit-based continuous consistency model for replicated services

80%

Haifeng Yu, Amin Vahdat

ACM Transactions on Computer Systems (TOCS) August 2002

Volume 20 Issue 3

The tradeoffs between consistency, performance, and availability are well understood. Traditionally, however, designers of replicated systems have been forced to choose from either strong consistency guarantees or none at all. This paper explores the semantic space between traditional strong and optimistic consistency models for replicated services. We argue that an important class of applications can tolerate relaxed consistency, but benefit from bounding the maximum rate of inconsistent access ...

8 Pilot: an operating system for a personal computer

80%

David D. Redell, Yogen K. Dalal, Thomas R. Horsley, Hugh C. Lauer, William C. Lynch, Paul R. McJones, Hal G. Murray, Stephen C. Purcell



Communications of the ACM February 1980

Volume 23 Issue 2

9 Hive: fault containment for shared-memory multiprocessors

80%

J. Chapin, M. Rosenblum, S. Devine, T. Lahiri, D. Teodosiu, A. Gupta

ACM SIGOPS Operating Systems Review , Proceedings of the fifteenth ACM symposium on Operating systems principles December 1995

Volume 29 Issue 5

10 Implementation and performance of Munin

80%

John B. Carter, John K. Bennett, Willy Zwaenepoel

ACM SIGOPS Operating Systems Review , Proceedings of the thirteenth ACM symposium on Operating systems principles September 1991

Volume 25 Issue 5

11 Mirage: a coherent distributed shared memory design

77%

B. Fleisch, G. Popek

ACM SIGOPS Operating Systems Review , Proceedings of the twelfth ACM symposium on Operating systems principles November 1989

Volume 23 Issue 5

Shared memory is an effective and efficient paradigm for interprocess communication. We are concerned with software that makes use of shared memory in a single site system and its extension to a multimachine environment. Here we describe the design of a distributed shared memory (DSM) system called Mirage developed at UCLA. Mirage provides a form of network transparency to make network boundaries invisible for shared memory and is upward compatible with an existing interfac ...

12 4.2BSD and 4.3BSD as examples of the UNIX system

77%

John S. Quarterman, Abraham Silberschatz, James L. Peterson

ACM Computing Surveys (CSUR) December 1985

Volume 17 Issue 4

This paper presents an in-depth examination of the 4.2 Berkeley Software Distribution, Virtual VAX-11 Version (4.2BSD), which is a version of the UNIX Time-Sharing System. There are notes throughout on 4.3BSD, the forthcoming system from the University of California at Berkeley. We trace the historical development of the UNIX system from its conception in 1969 until today, and describe the design principles that have guided this development. We then present the internal data structures and ...

13 Session 13: scheduling and operating systems: Application-specific protocols for user-level

77%

shared memory

Babak Falsafi, Alvin R. Lebeck, Steven K. Reinhardt, Ioannis Schoinas, Mark D. Hill, James R. Larus, Anne Rogers, David A. Wood

Proceedings of the 1994 ACM/IEEE conference on Supercomputing November 1994 Recent distributed shared memory (DSM) systems and proposed shared-memory machines have implemented some or all of their cache coherence protocols in software. One way to exploit the flexibility of this software is to tailor a coherence protocol to match an application's communication patterns and memory semantics. This paper presents evidence that this approach can lead to large performance improvements. It shows that application-specific



protocols substantially improved the performance of $t\dots$

77%

14 A survey of rollback-recovery protocols in message-passing systems

E. N. (Mootaz) Elnozahy, Lorenzo Alvisi, Yi-Min Wang, David B. Johnson ACM Computing Surveys (CSUR) September 2002

Volume 34 Issue 3

This survey covers rollback-recovery techniques that do not require special language constructs. In the first part of the survey we classify rollback-recovery protocols into *checkpoint-based* and *log-based*. *Checkpoint-based* protocols rely solely on checkpointing for system state restoration. Checkpointing can be coordinated, uncoordinated, or communication-induced. *Log-based* protocols combine checkpointing with logging of nondeterministic events, encoded in tuples call ...

15 Using high performance GIS software to visualize data: a hands-on software demonstration

Linda Burton, William Hatchett, Mari Hobkirk, Charles Powell

Proceedings of the 1998 ACM/IEEE conference on Supercomputing (CDROM) November 1998

Since 1995 Wheat Ridge High School (WRHS) students have participated in a mapping project involving local open space, in conjunction with NASA. Students have learned to use *Idrisi*, a Geographical Imaging Systems (GIS) software, as well as other GIS programs *Arc View* and *Multispec*, to plan the location of a trail along Colorado's front range. As this project has progressed, students have learned the GIS technology as well as many science issues related to trail mapping. Simila ...

16 Specialization tools and techniques for systematic optimization of system software

77%

77%

Dylan McNamee, Jonathan Walpole, Calton Pu, Crispin Cowan, Charles Krasic, Ashvin Goel, Perry Wagle, Charles Consel, Gilles Muller, Renauld Marlet

ACM Transactions on Computer Systems (TOCS) May 2001

Volume 19 Issue 2

Specialization has been recognized as a powerful technique for optimizing operating systems. However, specialization has not been broadly applied beyond the research community because current techniques based on manual specialization, are time-consuming and error-prone. The goal of the work described in this paper is to help operating system tuners perform specialization more easily. We have built a specialization toolkit that assists the major tasks of specializing operating systems. We de ...

17 Comparing the effectiveness of fine-grain memory caching against page migration/replication

77%

in reducing traffic in DSM clusters

An-Chow Lai, Babak Falsafi

Proceedings of the twelfth annual ACM symposium on Parallel algorithms and architectures $\operatorname{July} 2000$

In this paper, we compare and contrast two techniques to improve capacity/conflict miss traffic in CC-NUMA DSM clusters. Page migration/replication optimizes read-write accesses to a page used by a single processor by migrating the page to that processor and replicates all read-shared pages in the sharers' local memories. R-NUMA optimizes read-write accesses to any page by allowing a processor to cache that page in its main memory. Page migration/replication requires less hardware c ...





18 From RIG to Accent to Mach: the evolution of a network operating system

77%

Richard F. Rashid

Proceedings of 1986 fall joint computer conference on Fall joint computer conference November 1999

19 A taxonomy of computer program security flaws

77%

Carl E. Landwehr, Alan R. Bull, John P. McDermott, William S. Choi ACM Computing Surveys (CSUR) September 1994

Volume 26 Issue 3

An organized record of actual flaws can be useful to computer system designers, programmers, analysts, administrators, and users. This survey provides a taxonomy for computer program security flaws, with an Appendix that documents 50 actual security flaws. These flaws have all been described previously in the open literature, but in widely separated places. For those new to the field of computer security, they provide a good introduction to the characteristics of security flaws and how they ...

20 Fine-grain access control for distributed shared memory

77%

Ioannis Schoinas, Babak Falsafi, Alvin R. Lebeck, Steven K. Reinhardt, James R. Larus, David A. Wood

Proceedings of the sixth international conference on Architectural support for programming languages and operating systems November 1994

Volume 29, 28 Issue 11, 5

This paper discusses implementations of fine-grain memory access control, which selectively restricts reads and writes to cache-block-sized memory regions. Fine-grain access control forms the basis of efficient cache-coherent shared memory. This paper focuses on low-cost implementations that require little or no additional hardware. These techniques permit efficient implementation of shared memory on a wide range of parallel systems, thereby providing shared-memory codes with a portability ...

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